

Amendments to the claims:

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of the claims:

Claim 1 (previously presented): An apparatus for reducing laser speckle comprising:

- C
- a. a polarizing beam splitter configured to divide a first polarized laser output into a second polarized laser output and a third polarized laser output, the first polarized laser output having a coherence length;
 - b. a light guide comprising a polarization preserving fiber optic, the light guide configured to create an optical path difference between the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output, the optical path difference being at least about the coherence length, the light guide being configured to direct the second polarized laser output to the polarizing beam splitter such that the polarizing beam splitter combines the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output into a fourth laser output; and
 - c. a depolarizing screen coupled to the fourth laser output, the fourth laser output illuminating the depolarizing screen.

Claims 2-18 (canceled)

Claim 19 (original): An apparatus for reducing laser speckle comprising:

- C
- a. a polarizing beam splitter configured to divide a first polarized laser output into a second polarized laser output and a third polarized laser output;
 - b. a plurality of mirrors configured to create an optical path difference between the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output, the plurality of mirrors configured to direct the second polarized laser output to the polarizing beam splitter such that the polarizing beam splitter combines the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output into a fourth laser output;
 - c. a piezoelectric transducer coupled to at least one of the mirrors, the piezoelectric transducer being driven by an electrical signal such that the optical path difference is varied by an amplitude, the amplitude being at least about a half wavelength of the first polarized laser output, the electrical signal having an electrical signal frequency; and
 - d. a depolarizing screen coupled to the fourth laser output, the fourth laser output illuminating the depolarizing screen; the electrical signal frequency being at least a sufficient frequency such that laser speckle is reduced.

Claim 20 (original): The apparatus of claim 19 further comprising a half wave plate coupled to the first polarized laser output, the half wave plate being configured to adjust a first polarization angle for the first polarized laser output such that the second polarized laser output and the third laser output have intensities that are about equal.

Claim 21 (original): The apparatus of claim 20 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse reflecting surface.

Claim 22 (original): The apparatus of claim 21 further comprising a laser for providing the first polarized laser output.

Claim 23 (original): The apparatus of claim 20 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse transmitting surface.

Claim 24 (original): The apparatus of claim 23 further comprising a laser for providing the first polarized laser output.

Claim 25 (original): The apparatus of claim 19 further comprising a laser for providing the first polarized laser output, the laser being configured such that intensities of the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output are about equal.

Claim 26 (original): The apparatus of claim 25 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse reflecting surface.

Claim 27 (original): The apparatus of claim 25 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse transmitting surface.

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Claim 28 (original): The apparatus of claim 19 wherein the polarizing beam splitter divides the first polarized laser output by reflecting the second polarized laser output and transmitting the third polarized laser output.

Claim 29 (original): The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the polarizing beam splitter combines the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output by reflecting the second polarized laser output.


Claim 30 (original): The apparatus of claim 19 wherein the polarizing beam splitter divides the first polarized laser output by transmitting the second polarized laser output and reflecting the third polarized laser output.

Claim 31 (original): The apparatus of claim 30 wherein the polarizing beam splitter combines the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output by transmitting the second polarized laser output.

Claim 32 (original): The apparatus of claim 19 wherein the electrical signal comprises a non-square wave signal.

Claim 33 (original): The apparatus of claim 19 wherein the electrical signal comprises a square wave signal and further wherein the amplitude is about an odd multiple of the half wavelength of the first polarized laser output.

Claim 34 (original): An apparatus for reducing laser speckle:

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- a. means for dividing a first polarized laser output into a second polarized laser output and a third polarized laser output, the first polarized laser output having a coherence length, the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output having orthogonal polarizations and having intensities that are about equal;
 - b. means for oscillating an optical path length of the second polarized laser output by an amplitude and with an oscillation frequency, the amplitude being at least about a half wavelength of the first polarized laser output;
 - c. means for combining the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output into a fourth laser output; and
 - d. a depolarizing screen coupled to the fourth laser output, the fourth laser output illuminating the depolarizing screen, the oscillation frequency being at least a sufficient frequency such that laser speckle is reduced.

Claim 35 (original): The apparatus of claim 34 wherein the means for dividing comprises a polarizing beam splitter.

Claim 36 (original): The apparatus of claim 35 wherein the means for combining comprises the polarizing beam splitter.

Claim 37 (original): The apparatus of claim 36 wherein the means for combining further comprises:

- a. a first mirror coupled to the second polarized laser output, the first mirror reflecting the second polarized laser output back to the polarizing beam splitter;
- b. a first quarter wave plate coupled to the second polarized laser output between the polarizing beam splitter and the first mirror such that a first polarization angle for the second polarized laser output is rotated by ninety degrees upon the second polarized-laser-output-returning to the polarizing beam splitter;
- c. a second mirror coupled to the third polarized laser output, the second mirror reflecting the third polarized laser output back to the polarizing beam splitter; and
- d. a second quarter wave plate coupled to the third polarized laser output between the polarizing beam splitter and the second mirror such that a second polarization angle for the third polarized laser output is rotated by ninety degrees upon the third polarized laser output returning to the polarizing beam splitter.

Claim 38 (original): The apparatus of claim 37 wherein the means for oscillating comprises a piezoelectric transducer coupled to the first mirror.

Claim 39 (original): The apparatus of claim 36 wherein the means for combining further comprises a plurality of mirrors arranged such that the second polarized laser output returns to the polarizing beam splitter and further such that the second polarized laser output combines with the third polarized laser output to form the fourth laser output.

Claim 40 (original): The apparatus of claim 39 wherein the means for oscillating comprises a piezoelectric transducer coupled to one of the mirrors.


Claim 41 (original): A method of reducing laser speckle comprising the steps of:

- a. dividing a first polarized laser output into a second polarized laser output and a third polarized laser output, the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output having orthogonal polarizations and having intensities that are about equal;
- b. oscillating an optical path length for the second polarized laser output by an amplitude and with an oscillation frequency, the amplitude being at least about a half wavelength of the first polarized laser output;
- c. combining the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output into a fourth laser output; and
- d. illuminating a depolarizing screen with the fourth laser output, the oscillation frequency being at least a sufficient frequency such that laser speckle is reduced.

Claim 42 (original): The method of claim 41 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse reflecting surface.

Claim 43 (original): The method of claim 41 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse transmitting surface.


Claim 44 (previously presented): An apparatus for reducing laser speckle comprising:

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- a. means for dividing a first polarized laser output into a second polarized laser output and a third polarized laser output, the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output having orthogonal polarizations and having intensities that are about equal;
 - b. means for switching between a first optical path length and a second optical path length for the second polarized laser output, a difference between the first optical path length and the second optical path length being about an odd multiple of a half wavelength of the first polarized laser output;
 - c. means for combining the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output into a fourth laser output;
 - d. means for diverging the fourth laser output in a first direction to create a fifth laser output;
 - e. a scanning mirror coupled to the fifth laser output, the scanning mirror reflecting the fifth laser output to create a line illumination; and
 - f. a depolarizing screen illuminated by the line illumination, the scanning mirror repeatedly scanning the line illumination across a portion of the depolarizing screen such that the means for switching maintains the first optical path length for a first scan, switches to the second optical path length for a second scan, and alternates between the first optical path length and the second optical path length for subsequent scans.

Claim 45 (original): The apparatus of claim 44 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse reflecting surface.


Claim 46 (original): The apparatus of claim 44 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse transmitting surface.

Claim 47 (previously presented): A method of reducing laser speckle comprising the steps of:

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- a. dividing a first polarized laser output into a second polarized laser output and a third polarized laser output, the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output having orthogonal polarizations and having intensities that are about equal;
 - b. switching between a first optical path length and a second optical path length for the second polarized laser output, a difference between the first optical path length and the second optical path length being about an odd multiple of a half wavelength of the first polarized laser output;
 - c. combining the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output into a fourth laser output;
 - d. diverging the fourth laser output in a first direction; and
 - e. scanning the fourth laser output in a second direction across a portion of a depolarizing screen in a first scan with the first optical path length, in a second scan with the second optical path length, and in subsequent scans alternating between the first optical path length and the second optical path length, the second direction being orthogonal to the first direction.

Claim 48 (original): The method of claim 47 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse reflecting surface.

Claim 49 (original): The method of claim 47 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse transmitting surface.

 Claim 50 (original): An apparatus for reducing laser speckle comprising:

- a. means for combining a first polarized laser output and a second polarized laser output, the first polarized laser output being incoherent with the second polarized laser output, ~~the first polarized laser output and the second polarized laser output~~ having orthogonal polarizations, whereby a third laser output is formed; and
- b. a depolarizing screen coupled to the third laser output.

Claim 51 (original): The apparatus of claim 50 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse reflecting surface.

Claim 52 (original): The apparatus of claim 50 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse transmitting surface.

Claim 53 (original): The apparatus of claim 50 wherein the means for combining comprises a polarizing beam splitter.

Claim 54 (original): The apparatus of claim 50 wherein the means for combining comprises a multilayered dielectric device which transmits the first polarized laser output and reflects the second polarized laser output.

Claim 55 (original): The apparatus of claim 50 wherein the means for combining comprises a birefringent crystal.

Claim 56 (original): A method for reducing laser speckle comprising the steps of:

- a. combining a first polarized laser output and a second polarized laser output to form a third laser output, the first polarized laser output being incoherent with the second polarized laser output, the first polarized laser output and the second polarized laser output having orthogonal polarizations; and
- b. illuminating a depolarizing screen with the third laser output.

Claim 57 (original): The method of claim 56 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse reflecting surface.

Claim 58 (original): The method of claim 56 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse transmitting surface.

Claim 59 (original): An apparatus for reducing laser speckle comprising:

- a. means for rotating a polarization of a laser output, whereby a rotating polarization is formed, the rotating polarization being driven with a rotation frequency; and
- b. a depolarizing screen coupled to the laser output, the rotation frequency being sufficient to reduce laser speckle.


Claim 60 (original): The apparatus of claim 59 wherein the means for rotating comprises an electro-optic polarization rotator.

Claim 61 (original): The apparatus of claim 59 wherein the means for rotating comprises a half wave plate, the half wave plate being mechanically rotated.

Claim 62 (original): A method for reducing laser speckle comprising the steps of:

- a. rotating a polarization of a laser output, whereby a rotating polarization is formed, the rotating polarization being driven with a rotation frequency; and
- b. illuminating a depolarizing screen with the laser output, the rotation frequency being sufficient to reduce laser speckle.

Claim 63 (previously presented): An apparatus for reducing laser speckle comprising:

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- a. means for dividing a first polarized laser output into a second polarized laser output and a third polarized laser output, the means for dividing comprising a polarizing beam splitter, the first polarized laser output having a coherence length, the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output having orthogonal polarizations and having intensities that are about equal;
 - b. a light guide comprising a polarization preserving fiber optic, the light guide coupled to the second polarized laser output, the light guide creating an optical path difference between the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output, the optical path difference being at least about the coherence length;
 - c. means for combining the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output into a fourth laser output, the means for combining comprising the polarizing beam splitter; and
 - d. a depolarizing screen coupled to the fourth laser output.

Claims 64-68 (canceled)
